

to determine the presence or absence of the species for the purpose of enhancement of the survival of the species.

Permit No. PRT-751345

Applicant: Baxter Consulting Services,  
Lake Mathews, California

The applicant requests amendment of their current permit to include take (live-trap and release) of the Pacific pocket mouse (*Perognathus longimembris pacificus*) in Los Angeles, Orange, and San Diego Counties, California, to determine the presence or absence of the species for the purpose of enhancement of the survival of the species.

Permit No. PRT-794782

Applicant: Dr. James Deacon, Las Vegas,  
Nevada

The applicant requests a permit to take (collect, maintain at differing oxygen concentrations, in situ) eggs and larvae of the Devil's Hole pupfish (*Cyprinodon diabolis*) in Devil's Hole National Monument, Nye County, Nevada to investigate the effects of oxygen levels on the development of the species.

**DATES:** Written comments on the permit applications must be received on or before October 31, 1994.

**ADDRESSES:** Written data or comments should be submitted to the Chief, Division of Consultation and Conservation Planning, Ecological Services, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 911 N.E. 11th Avenue, Portland, Oregon 97232-4181. Please refer to the respective permit number for each application when submitting comments.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Documents and other information submitted with these applications are available for review, subject to the requirements of the Privacy Act and Freedom of Information Act, by any party who submits a written request for a copy of such documents, within 30 days of the date of publication of this notice, to the following office: Division of Consultation and Conservation Planning, Ecological Services, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, 911 N.E. 11th Avenue, Portland, Oregon 97232-4181. Telephone: 503-231-2063; FAX: 503-231-6243. Please refer to the respective permit number for each application when requesting copies of documents.

(Notice: Receipt of Applications for Permits under Section 10(a)(1)(A) of the Endangered Species Act.)

Dated: September 23, 1994.

Cynthia U. Barry,

Associate Manager-Endangered Species,  
Region 1, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

[FR Doc. 94-24068 Filed 9-28-94; 8:45 am]

BILLING CODE 4310-55-P

# **Availability of a Draft Recovery Plan for the Kanab Ambersnail (*Oxyloma haydeni kanabensis*) for Review and Comment**

209-94

**AGENCY:** Fish and Wildlife Service,  
Interior.

**ACTION:** Notice of document availability.

**SUMMARY:** The Fish and Wildlife Service (Service) announces the availability for public review of a draft recovery plan for the Kanab ambersnail (*Oxyloma haydeni kanabensis*). Three populations of the species are known, two in southern Utah and the other within the Grand Canyon of Arizona. The Service solicits review and comment from the public on this draft plan.

**DATES:** Comments on the draft recovery plan must be received on or before November 28, 1994 to ensure they receive consideration by the Service.

**ADDRESSES:** Persons wishing to review the draft recovery plan may obtain a copy by contacting the Field Supervisor, U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Lincoln Plaza, Suite 404, 145 East 1300 South, Salt Lake City, Utah 84115. Written comments and materials regarding this plan should be sent to the Field Supervisor at the Salt Lake City address given above. Comments and materials received are available on request for public inspection, by appointment, during normal business hours at the above address.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** John L. England, Botanist (see ADDRESSES above), at telephone 801/524-5001.

## **SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:**

### **Background**

Restoring an endangered or threatened animal or plant to the point where it is again a secure, self-sustaining member of its ecosystem is a primary goal of the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service's (Service) endangered species program. To help guide the recovery effort, the Service is working to prepare recovery plans for most of the listed species native to the United States. Recovery plans describe actions considered necessary for conservation of the species, establish criteria for recovery levels for downlisting or delisting them, and estimate time and cost for implementing the recovery measures needed.

The Endangered Species Act (Act) of 1973, as amended (16 U.S.C. 1531 et seq.), requires the development of recovery plans for listed species unless such a plan would not promote the conservation of a particular species. Section 4(f) of the Act, as amended in 1988, requires that public notice and an opportunity for public review and comment be provided during recovery plan development. The Service will consider all information presented during a public comment period prior to approval of each new or revised recovery plan. The Service and other Federal agencies also will take these comments into account in the course of implementing approved recovery plans.

The Kanab ambersnail is a terrestrial snail in the family Succineidae. The empty shell is a light amber color. The live snail has a mottled grayish-amber to yellowish-amber color. The species' shell is thin walled with a right handed, elevated spire and a broad expanded opening. Mature individuals are up to 19 mm (0.75 inch) long, 9 mm (0.33 inch) in diameter, with 3.25 to 3.75 whorls in a drawn out spire. Three populations of the species are known, two in southern Utah and the other within the Grand Canyon of Arizona. The two Utah populations are near the Utah-Arizona border in Kane County. The larger Utah population occurs in Three Lakes Canyon about 10 kilometers (6 miles) northwest of the town of Kanab, Utah. The smaller Utah population is adjacent to the main stem of Kanab Creek in Kanab Creek Canyon. The Arizona population occurs in a spring-fed wetland at Vasey's Paradise about 92 kilometers (57 miles) southeast of the two Utah populations.

The Kanab ambersnail was listed as an endangered species under the authority of the Endangered Species Act (Act), as amended, on April 17, 1993. Critical habitat was proposed on November 15, 1992, for the species' largest Utah population. This species was listed due to loss of historical populations and past and threatened destruction of its limited habitat. Initial recovery efforts will focus on protecting the species population and habitat from habitat destroying activities through the section 6, 7, and 9 prohibitions of the Act for animal species. Biological and ecological research of the species biology and its relationship and interaction with its environment is necessary to guide future management of the species population and habitat to ensure its continued survival and the preservation of the species ecosystem. Additional recovery efforts will focus on inventory of potential habitat and minimum viable population studies of

its known populations. Given the species vulnerability and lack of suitable habitat, it is doubtful that recovery and delisting of the species can occur in the foreseeable future.

#### Public Comments Solicited

The Service solicits written comments on the recovery plan described above. All comments received by the date specified in the DATES section above will be considered prior to approval of the recovery plan.

#### Authority

The authority for this action is section 4(f) of the Endangered Species Act, 16 U.S.C. 1533(f).

Dated: September 21, 1994.

**Terry T. Terrell,**  
Regional Director.  
[FR Doc. 94-24067 Filed 9-28-94; 8:45 am]  
BILLING CODE 4310-55-M

#### National Park Service

#### Golden Gate National Recreation Area, The Presidio of San Francisco, CA: Revision of Park Boundary

**AGENCY:** National Park Service, Interior.  
**ACTION:** Notice.

**SUMMARY:** This notice announces a revision of the boundaries of the Golden Gate National Recreation Area to include within the boundaries the former Public Health Service Hospital complex.

**FOR FURTHER INFORMATION CONTACT:** Mr. Robert Chandler, General Manager, Presidio of San Francisco, (415) 556-0245.

**SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION:** Notice is hereby provided that the boundaries of the Golden Gate National Recreation Area (GGNRA), established October 27, 1972, pursuant to Public Law 92-589, 86 Stat. 1299, as amended, are revised, effective as of the date of publication of this notice, to include the Public Health Service Hospital (PHSH) complex which comprises approximately 36.5 acres, more or less, and is located on the southwest corner of the Presidio of San Francisco. This complex is also known as the former Marine Hospital Property.

This administrative boundary change is made pursuant to the statutory authority contained in Section 2 of Public Law 92-589 and facilitates inclusion of the PHSH site as a part of the transfer of the Presidio to the GGNRA from the jurisdiction of the United States Army to the jurisdiction of the National Park Service.

The area added to the revised boundaries of the GGNRA is identified

as all that certain real property situated in the County of San Francisco, State of California, described as follows:

Commencing at an 8-inch square granite monument at an angle point in the general southerly boundary line of said Presidio of San Francisco Military Reservation, said monument being located 342.71 feet northerly from, measured at right angles to, the monument line of Lake Street, distant thereon 22.31 feet easterly from the city monument at the southeast corner of 12th Avenue and Lake Street; Thence along said general southerly line, north 1°11'24" east, 151.13 feet to an angle point therein; Thence continuing along said general southerly line, south 77°12'03" west, 395.97 feet to the southeasterly corner of said Marine Hospital Property, said southeasterly corner being also the southeasterly corner of that certain parcel of land described in the Quitclaim Deed to the State of California recorded September 26, 1938, in Book 3331 at page 460, official records of the City and County of San Francisco;

Thence along the southerly line of said parcel (3331 OR 460), south 77°12'03" west, 53.52 feet to the southwesterly corner thereof, said corner being the *Actual Point of Beginning* of this description;

Thence along the westerly line of said parcel (3331 OR 460), the following two courses:

(1) Northeasterly along the arc of a 2039.84 foot radius curve to the right, the center of which curve bears south 72°04'02" east, through a central angle of 13°57'36", an arc distance of 497.00 feet; and

(2) North 31°53'34" east, 86.72 feet to the easterly line of said Marine Hospital Property;

Thence along said easterly line, and along the northerly line of said Marine Hospital Property, the following seven courses:

(1) North 3°55'56" west, 102.23 feet to the center of a 4-inch round concrete monument;

(2) North 11°22'35" east, 170.44 feet to the center of a 4-inch round concrete monument;

(3) North 25°07'37" east, 184.90 feet to a 1-inch iron pipe the center of set in a 6-inch square concrete monument;

(4) North 68°50'08" west, 307.34 feet to a 1-inch iron pipe with lead and copper pin set in a 6-inch square concrete monument;

(5) North 2°34'10" east, 225.08 feet to a 1-inch iron pipe with lead and copper pin set in a 6-inch square concrete monument;

(6) North 52°46'59" east, 209.01 feet to the center of a 1-inch iron pipe set in a 6-inch square concrete monument; and

(7) South 82°10'01" west, 263.98 feet; Thence leaving said northerly line, south 82°06'18" west, 639.24 feet to a point on the northerly extension of the westerly line of said Marine Hospital Property, distant thereon, north 2°21'26" west, 269.18 feet from the northwesterly corner of said Marine Hospital Property;

Thence along said northerly extension, south 2°21'26" east, 269.18 feet to said northwesterly corner of said Marine Hospital Property;

Thence along said westerly line of said Marine Hospital Property, south 2°21'26" east, 1113.32 feet to a 1-inch iron pipe with

lead and copper pin set in a 6-inch square concrete monument;

Thence leaving said westerly line, north 87°53'30" east, 360.47 feet to a point on the northerly extension of the center line of 15th Avenue;

Thence along said northerly extension of the center line of 15th Avenue, south 2°04'04" east, 57.10 feet to a line which bears south 77°12'03" west from the actual point of beginning;

Thence north 77°12'03" east, 572.98 feet to the *Actual Point of Beginning*.

Containing 36.456 acres more or less.

The bearings and distances included herein are based on the California Coordinate System, NAD 1927, Zone 3. To obtain ground level distance multiply distance shown by 1.0000708

Revised boundary maps may be obtained from the following offices: General Manager, Presidio of San Francisco, Presidio Project Office, National Park Service, Building 102, The Presidio of San Francisco, California 94129-0022; and Regional Director, Western Regional Office, National Park Service, 600 Harrison Street, San Francisco, California 94107

Dated: September 27, 1994.

**Roger Kennedy,**  
Director, National Park Service.  
[FR Doc. 94-24189 Filed 9-28-94; 8:45 am]  
BILLING CODE 4310-70-M

#### INTERNATIONAL TRADE COMMISSION

[Investigation No. 731-TA-668 (Final)]

#### Phthalic Anhydride from Venezuela

#### Determination

On the basis of the record<sup>1</sup> developed in the subject investigation, the Commission determines, pursuant to section 735(b) of the Tariff Act of 1930 (the Act),<sup>2</sup> that an industry in the United States is not materially injured or threatened with material injury, and the establishment of an industry in the United States is not materially retarded, by reason of imports from Venezuela of phthalic anhydride,<sup>3</sup> that have been

<sup>1</sup> The record is defined in § 207.2(f) of the Commission's Rules of Practice and Procedure (19 CFR 207.2(f)).

<sup>2</sup> 19 U.S.C. 1673d(b).

<sup>3</sup> For purposes of this investigation, phthalic anhydride is defined as an aromatic synthetic organic chemical usually produced from a primary petrochemical called orthoxylylene, although it is sometimes produced from naphthalene. Phthalic anhydride is predominantly used in the production of plasticizers, unsaturated polyester resins, and alkyd resins, which in turn are generally used to produce plastics and paints. This investigation covers phthalic anhydride sold in either flaked or molten form. Phthalic anhydride is provided for in

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